



विद्या सर्वार्थ साधिका

ANANDALAYA
PERIODIC TEST – 1
Class: IX

Subject: SOCIAL SCIENCE (087)

Date: 14-07-2025


M.M: 40

Time: 1 hour 30 mins

General Instructions:

- This Question paper is divided into five sections-Section A, B, C, D, E, F
- Section-A: Question no. 1 to 9 are MCQ/ Objective type questions of 1 mark each.
- Section-B: Question no. 10 is Very short answer type questions of 2 marks each.
- Section-C: Question no. 11 & 12 are short answer type question, carrying 3 marks each.
- Section-D: Question no. 13 and 14 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each.
- Section-E: Question no. 15 and 16 are source base questions, carrying 4 marks each.
- Section-F: Question no. 17 and 18 are map-based questions carrying 2 and 3 marks accordingly.

SECTION-A

- On 20th June third estate assembled in the hall of an indoor tennis court and declared themselves a ___. (1)
(A) national assembly (B) general estate (C) national body (D) general body
- What is the most common form of government in the modern world? (1)
(A) Presidential democracy (B) Constitutional Monarchy
(C) Dictatorship (D) Representative democracy
- Which of the following is not a feature of democracy? (1)
(A) Free and fair elections (B) Equality before the law
(C) Respect for minority rights (D) Control by one party
- This is the image of _____, who was the member of the constituent Assembly and was the founder president of Adivasi Maha Sabha. (1)

- Mala is a landless farm labourer who works on daily wages in Palampur. This means she must regularly look for work. The minimum wages for the farm labourer set by the government are ₹ 300 per day, but Mala gets only ₹160. (1)
Why is Mala earning less than minimum wages?
(A) She is a helping hand. (B) She is illiterate.
(C) She does not require money. (D) Heavy competition for work among farm labourers.
- Raw materials and money in hand are examples of _____. (1)
(A) working capital (B) human capital (C) fixed capital (D) total capital
- When more than one crop is grown on the same piece of land in a year, it is called _____. (1)
(A) green revolution (B) kharif crop
(C) multiple cropping (D) subsistence farming
- In which year did Indira point submerge under water due to tsunami? (1)
(A) 2004 (B) 2001 (C) 2002 (D) 2005
- If you intend to visit Sri Vijayapuram during summer vacations, which one of the following union territories of India you will be going to? (1)
(A) Puducherry (B) Daman & Diu (C) Andman & Nicobar Islands (D) Ladakh

SECTION-B

10. Discuss the various things that a constitution provides to the citizen. (2)

SECTION-C

11. Draw the diagram and explain properly about the political system under the constitution of 1791. (3)

12. Ramsingh is a small farmer having 1.5 hectares of land and Shyam is a large farmer having 20 hectares of land. Since modern farming methods require a great deal of capital, they will need to arrange for money.

In the light of the above given information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Explain how do small farmers like Ramsingh arrange for the capital? What major problem do they face? (2)

- (ii) How do large farmers like Shyam arrange for the capital? (1)

SECTION-D

13. 'Since its independence in 1930, Mexico holds elections after every six years to elect its President' but still Mexico is not considering a true democratic country. Explain. (5)

14. (A) What is a sub-continent? Name the countries that constitute the Indian subcontinent. How is India different from other countries of Asia? (3)

- (B) How do we calculate the time difference from Arunachal Pradesh to Gujarat? (2)

SECTION-E

15. Read the passage and write the answers: (4)

In 1789, France was facing a severe economic crisis. King Louis XVI had increased taxes to deal with the debt crisis caused by wars and extravagant spending. Society was divided into three estates — the First (clergy), the Second (nobility), and the Third Estate (commoners). The Third Estate, despite being the majority, had no political rights and bore the tax burden.

Inspired by Enlightenment ideas, the Third Estate demanded equality and justice. On 14th July 1789, revolutionaries stormed the Bastille, a symbol of the king's absolute power. This marked the beginning of the French Revolution. In 1791, France became a constitutional monarchy. Eventually, the monarchy was abolished and a republic was established. The revolution laid the foundation for democracy and inspired future movements around the world.

(15.1) Why was the Third Estate dissatisfied? Mention two reasons.

(15.2) How did Enlightenment thinkers influence the French Revolution?

(15.3) Which incident sparked the French Revolution?

16. Read the following text carefully: (4)

The Green Revolution in the late 1960s introduced the Indian farmer to cultivation of wheat and rice using High Yielding Varieties (HYVs) of seeds. Compared to the traditional seeds, the HYV seeds promised to produce much greater amounts of grain on a single plant. As a result, the same piece of land would now produce far larger quantities of foodgrains than was possible earlier. HYV seeds, however, needed plenty of water and also chemical fertilizers and pesticides to produce best results. Higher yields were possible only from a combination of HYV seeds, irrigation, chemical fertilizers, pesticides, etc. Farmers of Punjab, Haryana and Western Uttar Pradesh were the first to try out the modern farming method in India. However, Scientific reports indicate that the modern farming methods have overused the natural resource base.

On the basis of the given text and common understanding, answer the following questions:

(16.1) Farmers of which states were the first to try out the modern farming methods in India? State any one advantage of adopting modern farming methods.

(16.2) 'Modern farming methods have overused the natural resource base.' Justify by giving any two valid examples.

SECTION-F

17. On the given political map of France locate and label any two ports through which American merchants sailed towards the African Coast. (2)

18. On the given map of India locate and label the following:

(i) The states through which Tropic of Cancer passes. (2)

(ii) Standard Meridian (1)